

Written Exam Economics Summer 2018

**Economic Sociology**

Date: 23 June 10:00 am – 24 June 10:00 am

This exam question consists of 2 pages in total

Answers only in English.

**A take-home exam paper cannot exceed 10 pages – and one page is defined as 2400 keystrokes**

*The paper must be uploaded as one PDF document. The PDF document must be named with exam number only (e.g. '1234.pdf') and uploaded to Digital Exam.*

**Be careful not to cheat at exams!**

Exam cheating is for example if you:

- Copy other people's texts without making use of quotation marks and source referencing, so that it may appear to be your own text
- Use the ideas or thoughts of others without making use of source referencing, so it may appear to be your own idea or your thoughts
- Reuse parts of a written paper that you have previously submitted and for which you have received a pass grade without making use of quotation marks or source references (self-plagiarism)
- Receive help from others in contrary to the rules laid down in part 4.12 of the Faculty of Social Science's common part of the curriculum on cooperation/sparring

You can read more about the rules on exam cheating on your Study Site and in part 4.12 of the Faculty of Social Science's common part of the curriculum.

Exam cheating is always sanctioned by a written warning and expulsion from the exam in question. In most cases, the student will also be expelled from the University for one semester.

Order is a core concept in economic sociology.

Explain how order is achieved in the modern society that emerged at part of industrialisation according to the classics like Durkheim and Weber – and what role rationalisation according to Giddens plays for the achievement of order and how order is achieved in different ‘fields’ according to Bourdieu.

Explain how order is achieved in the different kinds of markets that exists according to Aspers. Explain the concepts Aspers are using to argue for a differentiation of the market into different kinds of markets and the mechanisms that are used to create order in these different kinds of markets.

Discuss and compare the difference between how order is achieved in the market according to economic theory (as presented by Aspers) and in the theories of economic sociology. What are the pros and cons of the two different approaches to the understanding of market order?